# Comprehensive Hillside Master Plan Davis County:



Comprehensive Hillside Master Plan

Draft: June 2003

# Project Introduction

County Shorelands Plan Steering Committee, which in turn was based on the planning Comprehensive Hillside Plan was based on the successful model established by the Davis The process to create the Davis County



**Photo: Local Trail Access** 

local government should provide access along major streams, if it doesn't impact the opportunities. Two out of five respondents of a Stream corridors provide for recreational environment. Dan Jones & Associates survey indicated that

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workshops and a county-wide survey of residents conducted by Dan Jones and input which included three sub-regional Associates. practices espoused by Envision Utah. Hillside Plan process relied heavily on public

mapping and document preparation assistance and Economic Development. consultants to the Department of Community composed of a representative from each city Cooper Roberts Simonsen Architecture. was provided by J. Kelly Gillman, ASLA Janson, AICP, and Stephen Pastorik, AICP resources, including plan preparation. The sub-Council of Governments, provided staff representatives from Woods Cross City and the that bordered the Wasatch Mountains, plus The guiding body was a subcommittee of the Davis County Council of Governments regional workshops were conducted by John U.S. Forest Development, which is acting staff to the Department of Community and Economic Service. The Davis County Foothills

# Steering Committee Chairman

Mayor of Fruit Heights Rick Miller

# Steering Committee Members

Anne Blankenship

Douglas Todd Davis County Commissioner Carol Page Farmington City Council Bob Hasenyager Bountiful City Planning Blaine Gehring Woods Cross Planning Commission

> R. Dean Layton Peter Matson South Weber Planning Commission Liesel Woodard Kaysville City Manager John Thacker Fruit Heights Planning Commission Layton City Planning

### Ex-Officio Members

Stan Porter

Centerville City Council

North Salt Lake Planning Commission

U.S. Forest Service Michael Barry Wilf Sommerkorn Property Owner/Gravel Pit Operator Neil Wall District Ranger/U.S. Forest Service Farmington City Planning David Petersen Barry Burton Administrator to the Council of Governments Davis County C.E.D. Loren Kroenke

### Project Manager

Davis County C.E.D. Aric Jensen

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# County-Wide Survey

amenity enjoyed by all of Davis County, not Early in the process, the Steering Committee realized that the Wasatch Mountains were an development, and preservation. issues such as trails, off-road vehicle use of Davis County residents focusing on key and Associates to conduct a random survey Steering Committee authorized Dan Jones the needs and desires of all residents, the hillside areas. In order to better understand just those individuals who lived within the

### Survey Results

while many of the issues in this study had levels of concurrence in excess of 80 and qualified his statement by saying that a 2/3 majority (66.7%) represented a consensus, survey results that were so conclusive. He Governments, said that he had never seen The results were quite surprising. Mr. Dan Jones, in his verbal report to the Council of



### Photo: Mueller Park Area. East of Bountiful

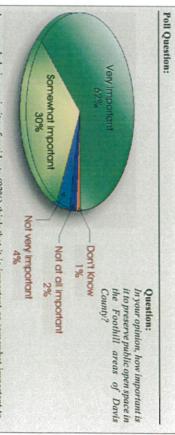
of Davis County residents say that parks such as this are & Associates found that 93% area. A study by Dan Jones Park is a popular recreation This trail head in Mueller

of 2002, with a margin of error of ±4.0% determine which issues needed to be Committee held a brainstorming session to authorizing the survey, the Steering The actual survey was conducted in August Jones and Associates for further refinement list of questions which was delivered to Dan Staff then drafted a preliminary

[M]ost people (92%) feel that it is important to Associates, Executive Summary, August spaces in the foothill areas. (Dan Jones and important to acquire more public open there is nearly as strong sentiment that it is Mountain Park, and Fernwood Park. At 80%, parks such as Mueller Park, Kaysville (93%) think that it is important to have foothill Davis County. Asimilar percentage of people preserve open space in the foothill areas of

> of County residents. Some of the items that Committee a firm grasp of the needs and desires reached consensus were: all of the issues, which gave the Steering The survey results showed consensus in almost

- development A need for preservation/limiting
- A strong interest in access to public
- That users should pay for A desire to preserve viewsheds.
- The types of development/infrastructure costs.
- methods that should be employed. preservation/maintenance/enforcement
- more important than development rights That preservation of wildlife habitat is



preserve open space in the foothills of Davis County. Only 6% of those surveyed feel that it is not very important or not important to preserve pubic open space in the foothills. An overwhelming majority of residents (92%) think that it is important or somewhat important to

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# Public Workshops

The Steering important to groups, foothill residents, elected officials, etc.), and therefore authorized a series of direct, specific interest in the area under study (Property owners, special interest forms of input exercise, a mapping exercise, and esque", which means they involved an issues workshop posted in several different publications. The commission members, as well as being city council members, and planning sent to property owners in the foothill areas, workshop process. They divided the County selected to organize and facilitate the public public outreach meetings. John Janson, AICP, and Stephen Pastorik, AICP, were Kaysville, Layton, South Weber), Central (Farmington, Centerville), and South into three sub-regions: North (Fruit Heights individuals of the community who had a (Bountiful, North Salt Lake). Invitations were formats were "Envision Utah-Committee felt receive input from those that = other

### North Area Workshop:

Heights, (South Weber, Layton, Kaysville, Fruit

of items that reached consensus at both groups were formed, and the following is a list parties was again split fairly evenly. attended, however, the balance of interested meetings, only approximately 20 individuals Due to conflicts with other local government Two

- trail connections/access There is a need for more and better
- Housing could be clustered in flatter
- Coordination between cities

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be improved County, and Forest Service needs to

- be preserved The Kaysville Mountain Park needs to
- The Adams Canyon trailhead needs
- Weber area near Job Corp Trailheads are needed in the South
- trailhead preserved near Shepard Creek for a Land (open space) should be

## Central Area Workshop:

(Farmington and Centerville)

items reached consensus: into four groups at random. groups/citizens. The attendees were divided public officials, and special interest roughly even split between property owners, Approximately 40 individuals attended, with a The following

# All four groups agreed that:

- allowed only in certain areas OHV use should be controlled and
- Housing (where feasible) could clustered on the flatter areas be

## Three groups agreed that:

are needed Better trail access and connections

### Two groups agreed that:

- (BST) above the Bonneville Shoreline Trail There should be no development
- (undeveloped) corridor between There should be a viewshed BST and neighboring residential uses There should be a buffer between the

Farmington and Centerville extending

mountains

- improvement

# All four groups agreed that:

- trailheads, especially near the Bountiful "B" (currently under development) and in North Canyon There is a need for more trails and
- OHV areas between the Centerville and Bountiful There should be a connection

### Three groups agreed that:

- Development Rights (TDR) or outright Some areas should be preserved using such techniques as Transfer of
- to be addressed in the area around the Bountiful "B" erosion, and access issues that need There are substantial use conflicts,
- A trailhead is needed at Hooper Creek (South of North Canyon)

### Two groups agreed that:

- provide for development and open Clustered housing is a good way to
- East-west trails should connect the

from the Great Salt Lake ō the

Slopes over 30% are too steep development ģ

### South Area Meeting: (Bountiful and North Salt Lake)

use, and related issues. Four groups were Attendance was much greater than anticipated and exceeded 40 individuals. There was profound interest in trails, OHV follows: formed and consensus was reached as

### Overall Consensus

by users

Service costs (development

/infrastructure /utility) should be borne

limited/controlled areas OHV's should be permitted

Ξ.

improved

an east/west wildlife corridor south of Eaglewood Golf Course with A trailhead should be established streets and 30% grades for homes are In areas where development

appropriate development standards

re commended, GreatWestern Trail

12% grades for

Bonneville Shoreline Trail (BST) to the

Trail maintenance needs to be

- between all three workshops: There were five items of consensus
- connections are needed More trails, trailheads, and trail
- OHV use should be controlled and preservation and development preferred because it allows for both clustered-style development Where development is appropriate, S
- development Slopes over 30% are too steep for permitted only in defined areas
- accommodate development whether or not they could should be preserved regardless There are some areas that absolutely

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# County-Wide Analysis

In analyzing the public input collected during the planning process, it was determined that provided a broader representation of Davis Survey had a higher level of confidence and the information collected in the Dan Jones County residents than did the public survey contains the



**Photo: Public Support** 

State and local officials have been supportive of the expansion of the Bonneville Shoreline Trail. the wishes of residents to desires to expand Governor Michael Leavitt has participated in recreational activities. Pictured here, Utah

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area/use issues. collected by Dan Jones is the primary basis information served to address specific for the general analysis, while the workshop reasons. invited by different individuals, many of whom were opinions of 600+ randomly selected people, while the workshops represent less than 100 Therefore, the survey information the Committee for specific

# Issue: Development and Preservation

that report: areas. The following are some specifics from opposed to new development in the foothill consensus that County residents are Associates, there was a clear and obvious In the survey conducted by Dan Jones and

- development is allowed in the foothills County-wide limit on how high up should definitely or probably be a 89% of residents said that (73% definitely, and 16% said
- be allowed if it disrupts existing wildlife 66% said that development should not habitat
- development habitat is usually more important than 67% said that preserving wildlife
- about right) while 36% said the current amount is there has already been too much too much or enough (55% said that development in the foothills is either 91% said that the current amount of
- substantial earth movement (51% either definitely or probably not be 83% said that development should in areas that require

not permitted

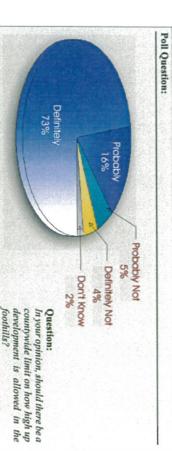
equally clear In regards to preservation, the residents were

- preserve public open space in the foothill areas of Davis County (62% important) very important, 30% somewhat important or somewhat important to 92% said that it was either very
- important, 35% somewhat important) space in the foothill areas (45% very important to acquire more public open

- definitely not permitted, 32% probably
- important, 32% somewhat important) foothills/mountains (57% very view of undeveloped somewhat to very important to have a 89% of residents said that it is

- 80% of residents said that it is

- somewhat important (72% very important, 21% somewhat important) 93% said that foothill parks like Park, and Fernwood Park are very to Mueller Park, Kaysville Mountain
- somewhat important to pursue 98% said that it either very or important) individuals who damage foothill areas 81% very important, 17% somewhat
- open space preservation/trails (24% up to \$5 per household, 25% up to \$10, 18% up to \$20, 7% more than amount of money each year to fund 74% said that they would pay an extra



A high percentage of people (89%) say that there should definitely or probably be a countywide limit on how high up development is allowed in the foothills. One in five respondents (21%) think that there should not be a limit on development in the foothills.

in the foothill areas Goal: Prevent/limit additional development

earth-movement/soil disruption permitted Policy: Set standards for the amount of appropriate/not appropriate for development Policy: transfer development rights **Policy:** Establish programs to purchase or infrastructure into foothill areas Do not extend/expand Define areas that are utility

> open space preservation, similar to Salt Lake plans and funding programs Policy: Establish long term maintenance County's ZAP (zoo/arts/park) tax

areas Goal: Prevent/limit damage in the foothill

and fines **Policy:** Policy: Set uniform, County-wide standards Improve coordination between



Photo: Bonneville Shoreline

say they are very or somewhat familiar with the Bonneville Shoreline Trail. monthly. 37% of residents they use the foothills for recreational activities County have indicated that 22% of residents in Davis Jones & Associated, about Based on a survey by Dan

Goal: Protect viewsheds

Policy: Regulate development on ridgelines Policy: Identify those areas that are aesthetically most important to protect

Mountain Park, and Fernwood Park Goal: Preserve Mueller Park, Kaysville

Policy: Establish a tax to fund

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for specifically defined areas Policy: Close foothills to OHV use, except Policy: Establish youth education programs

Concerns, and Infrastructure/Utility Costs Public Uses, Environmenta

residents own OHV's, but the survey OHV Use Only about 27% of Davis County

> indicates that they are used frequently. 18% of OHV users indicated that they used their vehicles more than 50 times/year, and 40% said they used them between 12 and 50 times/year. Of those who owned OHV's, be allowed in the foothills, but only in of the items of general consensus in the uses in the Centerville Bowl area. the "B" area connected with the existing OHV maps in the South Area show an OHV use in regulated/defined areas. Virtually all of the more than half had at least two vehicles. One public workshops was that OHV use should

users Goal: Reasonably accommodate OHV

Policy: areas for OHV use Establish clearly defined

policies/revenue sources enforcement procedures, Policy: Establish specific regulations, and mitigation

areas near the gravel pits, and are most directly impacted. As a final note, none of the that the gravel pits either definitely or probably had a negative impact on the groups in any of the workshops supported individuals who can afford to live in the foothill have a negative impact on the foothill areas." likely to say that existing gravel pits definitely those with higher family income are more survey says that "people age 40-60 and areas. Of those who were aware, 68% said Extraction/Gravel Pits 61% of Davis County new or expanded gravel pit operations foothills. Interestingly, a side note in the pits and/or other excavation in the foothill residents said that they are aware of gravel This is most likely because these are the

Forest Service, County Deputies, and local

Law Enforcement

where

Goal: Mitigate the effects of existing gravel

Policy: Review and modify, where necessary, hours of operation, haul routes,

clean air/road/noise standards Policy: More closely monitor and enforce

**Policy:** Encourage existing operators to much as possible landscape and/or screen their operations as

Goal: Discourage new gravel pits

mitigation standards Policy: Establish specific development and

public involvement Policy: Require extraordinary review and

permit for the replacement of public infrastructure due to increased impacts Require extended bonding (10 Require bonding at the time of

residential areas Policy: years) for rehabilitation Do not allow haul routes through

aqueduct when planning in the foothill areas released revisions of the Forest Service have stated that the soon to be Representatives from the U.S. that special consideration be taken of its sent a letter to the Steering Committee asking the Weber Basin Water Conservancy District County. As part of the public input process, in the companies have watershed protection areas Numerous cities and other irrigation the most important issues preservation are historically perhaps two of Management Plan will heavily emphasize Water Issues foothills/mountains above Davis Water conservation and in Utah Forest

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on the survey should be dedicated to more water resources, and that the limited space a standing consensus on the need to protect preliminary analysis indicated that there was excluded the watershed protection issue from the Dan Jones Survey because watershed protection. Staff intentionally

Goal: Protect watershed areas

priority in the hillside areas of Davis County Watershed protection has top

infrastructure/service costs. preserve open space and reduce development was appropriate, clustering should be required. This would both general consensus was that in areas were should depend on how high you live on the approximately 1/4 specifically said provide services. the foothill areas should bear the extra cost to areas, with 90% saying that residents living in providing municipal services in the foothill specifically with the increased costs of One of the questions on the survey dealt hill. In the workshops, one of the items of Infrastructure/Development/Utility Costs Of those that it 90%,

Goal: actual costs Establish service rates based on

Policy: Modify fee structures to reflect the Policy: Conduct studies to determine actual costs to provide services

actual costs to provide services

Goal: Developers to pay actual infrastructure

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tanks, pump houses, etc.) Policy: Developers/property owners should pay directly for all new infrastructure (Water

infrastructure in hillside areas Policy: Extend bonding periods for

development Goal: Prevent isolated pockets of

development immediately contiguous with existing Policy: Do not allow development that is not

conservation areas undeveloped, undevelopable, requires road connections on or through Policy: Do not allow development that 9

developments with one access) at least two outlets (i.e., no cul-de-sacs, no Policy: Require that all developments have

# Issue: Bonneville Shoreline Trail

approximate contour of the shoreline of ancient Lake Bonneville. By State Statute, the Trail is a natural surface, non-motorized trail. recognized Millennium Trail that follows the The Bonneville Shoreline Trail is a nationally

many people identify the inconsistent. Informal study showed that recreation areas, these figures seemed through/connects all of the major hillside Bonneville Shoreline Trail passes said that they had never used it. Since the with the Bonneville Shoreline Trail, and 72% of County residents use the Davis County however, 62% said that they are not familiar hiking, biking, etc. foothill areas at least once a year for walking, The Dan Jones survey results show that 81% At the same time Bonneville

> trail parallels or shares access with these two Shoreline Trail as the "fire break road" or the 'aqueduct road", because in many places the

Goal: Improve recognition of the Bonneville Shoreline Trail

Policy: education efforts Policy: Provide more trail signs Increase "brand recognition" and

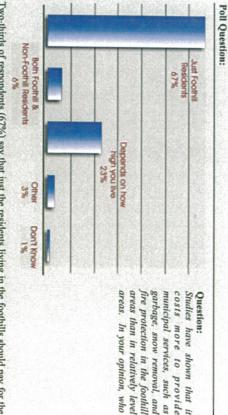
said that they were not familiar with the Interestingly, even though 62% of residents more trailheads and Bonneville Shoreline Trail, 70% said that access points were

> residents of Davis County want to preserve and access hillside areas. interpretations that, as a general policy needed alongthe trail. This reinforces earlier

Goal: Increase trailheads and public access points to the Bonneville Shoreline Trail

provide trail access Policy: Require new developments **Policy:** Revise park master plans to include

trailheads and trail access



as

residents living in the foothills and those who do not live in the foothills should pay the extra costs increased costs of providing municipal services to them. One-fourth of those interviewed (23%) say that is should depend on how high someone lives up on the hillside. Only 6% of residents think that both Two-thirds of respondents (67%) say that just the residents living in the foothills should pay for the

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North Area Mapping South Weber, Layton, Kaysville, Fruit Heights

areas. Some highlights of the North Area to establish local and regional access points in new developments abutting the foothill cities in the area have been working closely the topography and existing development most potential for preservation because of The northern area of Davis County has the In recent years, the County and

- The existing and proposed alignment for the Bonneville Shoreline Trail
- clustered development and for development density transfers The designation of potential areas for
- Mountain Park and Fernwood Park The preservation of the Kaysville

The preservation of orchard areas

- nearFruit Heights The expansion and/or relocation of the
- the South Weber area The location of potential trailhead(s) in Adams Canyon trailhead
- the Shepard Creek area The potential location for a trailhead in

### Specific Use Details

approval of land-use map) (To be determined after subcommittee

### Central Area Mapping

Centerville and Farmington

the most potential for trail access and The central area of Davis County has grade trailheads because of the relatively short distance

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Central Area Map are: equestrian access at the top of Park working jointly on a trailhead Farmington and Centerville road at the top of Parrish Lane. Also Service to build a trailhead and access currently working with the Forest Hills Drive. Some highlights of the Shoreline Trail. and the Bonneville
I. Centerville City is

- The existing and proposed alignment for the Bonneville Shoreline Trail
- clustered development and development density transfers The designation of potential areas for for
- The preservation of areas on the
- OHV area upper (Bonneville) bench
  The preservation of the Centerville
- Bountiful "B" OHV area A proposed trail connecting Centerville OHV area and the the
- Centerville/Farmington border The potential location for a trailhead equestrian access on the
- Trailhead (to built Summer of 2003) The location of the Parrish Lane
- the Shepard Creek area The potential location for a trailhead in
- aqueduct in most of Centerville The preservation of areas above the

### Specific Use Details

approval of land-use map) 6 be determined after subcommittee

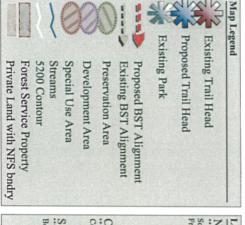
Bountiful and North Salt Lake South Area Mapping

> are Map are: The southern area of Davis County has the most potential for preservation because of the topography and existing development patterns.

- The existing and proposed alignment for the Bonneville Shoreline Trail
- development density transfers clustered development and
- The preservation of the Bountiful "B" The preservation of Mueller Park
- A proposed trail connecting the

areas. Some highlights of the North Area in new developments abutting the foothill to establish local and regional access points cities in the area have been working closely In recent years, the County and

- The designation of potential areas for for



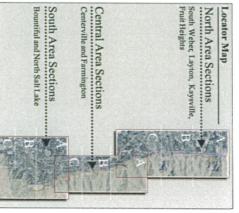
Centerville OHV area Bountiful "B" OHV area and the

- The proposed acquisition of the North Canyon area for a park (similar to Mueller)
- above North Salt Lake and Bountiful The potential location for a trailhead with ADA and equestrian access in The potential location for trailheads

### Specific Use Details

North Salt Lake

approval of land-use map) (To be determined after subcommittee



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